AUSTRALIAN UNITED INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED

ABN 37 004 268 679

APPENDIX 4E STATEMENT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2015

CONTENTS

- Results for announcement to the market
- Letter to Australian Securities Exchange
- Financial Statements
- Independent Audit Report

RESULTS FOR ANNOUNCEMENT TO THE MARKET

The reporting period is the **year ended 30 June 2015** with the prior corresponding period being the year ended 30 June 2014.

This report is based on audited financial statements. A copy of the audit report can be found on page 29.

Results for announcement to the market

- Revenue from ordinary activities was $54.0 million, up 16.2% from the prior year.
- Profit after tax was $47.8 million, up 18.5% from the prior year.
- Total net profit for the period of $47.8 million excludes net realised gains and losses which are transferred directly to the Asset Revaluation Reserve under the accounting standards.
- This year special dividends of $5,896,269 after tax were received (prior year $1,250,550).
- Excluding the special dividends received, earnings per share rose 6.1% to 38.3 cents, or 17.5% to 43.7 cents including the special dividends received. The weighted average number of ordinary shares for the year was 109,259,811 compared to 108,261,729 in the prior year, an increase of 0.9%.
- The final dividend is 18.5 cents per share (17.5 cents prior year) fully franked, bringing total dividends for the year to 34.0 cents fully franked (prior year 32.0 cents). The dividend is payable on 25 September 2015. The record date for determining entitlement to the final dividend is 4 September 2015.
- The final dividend will not include any Listed Investment Company capital gain dividend.
- The Company operates a Dividend Reinvestment Plan ("DRP") under which shareholders may elect to have all or part of their dividend payment reinvested in new ordinary shares. Pricing of the new DRP shares will be at the volume weighted average selling price of shares traded on the Australian Securities Exchange in the five days commencing from the day the shares start trading on an ex dividend basis, without any discount. The last day for the receipt of an election notice for participation in the plan is 7 September 2015.
- The net tangible asset backing per share based on the market valuation of investments was $8.42 at 30 June 2015, compared to $8.57 at the end of the prior year. These calculations are after tax on realised gains, before any future tax benefit of realised losses, before estimated tax on net unrealised gains/losses, and before provision for the final dividend.

AUSTRALIAN UNITED INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED
ABN 37 004 268 679

Level 20
101 Collins Street
Melbourne Vic 3000
Australia

Tel (613) 9654 0499
Fax (613) 9654 3499

19 August 2015

The General Manager
Australian Securities Exchange
P O Box H224
Australia Square
Sydney NSW 2000

Dear Sir,

Financial Results and Dividend Announcement
for the Financial Year Ended 30 June 2015

The Directors make the following report concerning the company's performance and final dividend:-

Operating Profit and Realised Capital Gains

Profit after income tax for the year ended 30 June 2015 was $47,780,565 (last year: $40,314,659). The profit includes special dividends received after tax of $5,896,269 (last year: $1,250,550). This year special dividends received include a non-cash, non-taxable demerger dividend of $5,287,500 received as a result of the demerger of South32 from BHP Billiton (last year $814,800 on the Recall demerger from Brambles).

Excluding special dividends received, profit after tax rose 7.2%.

Net realised gains on the investment portfolio after tax were $1,130,316 (last year $4,601,053), which under accounting standards are transferred directly to the Asset Revaluation Reserve and not included in Net Profit.

Operating expenses (excluding interest) for the year were 0.10% of the average market value of the portfolio (last year 0.11%).

Earnings Per Share

The operating earnings per share based on the weighted average number of shares on issue for the year were 38.3 cents per share (excluding special dividends) compared to 36.1 cents for the year to 30 June 2014, a rise of 6.1%. The weighted average number of ordinary shares for the year was 109,259,811 compared to 108,261,729 last year, an increase of 0.9%.

Dividends

The Directors also announce a final dividend of 18.5 cents per share fully franked to shareholders registered on 4 September 2015, to be paid on 25 September 2015. The comparable 2014 final dividend was 17.5 cents per share fully franked. Together with the interim dividend of 15.5 cents per share, total dividends for the year are 34.0 cents per share, fully franked (last year 32.0 cents).

LIC Capital Gains

The final dividend will not include any Listed Investment Company capital gain dividend.

Dividend Reinvestment Plan

The Company operates a Dividend Reinvestment Plan ("DRP") under which shareholders may elect to have all or part of their dividend payment reinvested in new ordinary shares. Pricing of the new DRP shares will be at the volume weighted average selling price of shares traded on the Australian Securities Exchange in the five days beginning from the day the shares begin trading on an ex dividend basis, without any discount. The last day for the receipt of an election notice for participation in the plan is 7 September 2015.

Asset Backing

The net tangible asset backing per share based on the market valuation of investments was $8.42 at 30 June 2015 and $8.76 at 31 July 2015. These calculations are after tax on realised gains, before any future tax benefit of realised losses, before estimated tax on net unrealised gains and losses, and before provision for the final dividend.

The Company is a long term investor and does not intend disposing of its total portfolio. If estimated tax on unrealised portfolio gains were to be deducted, the above figures would be $7.28 at 30 June 2015 and $7.52 at 31 July 2015.

Performance

The Company's net asset backing accumulation performance for the year to 30 June 2015 (assuming all dividends were reinvested) was an increase of 2.0% while the S&P/ASX 300 Accumulation Index rose 5.6% over the same period. The Company's returns are after tax and expenses and the impact of the Company's gearing for which no allowance is made in the S&P/ASX Index.

Annual General Meeting

The Annual General Meeting of the Company will be held on Thursday, 15 October 2015 at 11.00 am at the offices of KPMG, 147 Collins Street, Melbourne.

Investment Portfolio

As at 30 June 2015 the twenty-five largest shareholdings of the company, at market values were:

	Company	Market Value $'000	% of Market Value of Total Investments
1.	ANZ Banking Group Ltd	88,550	8.5%
2.	Commonwealth Bank Ltd	85,130	8.2%
3.	Westpac Banking Corporation Ltd	75,553	7.3%
4.	National Australia Bank Ltd	74,948	7.2%
5.	BHP Billiton Ltd	63,568	6.1%
6.	Wesfarmers Ltd	54,642	5.3%
7.	Rio Tinto Ltd	51,062	4.9%
8.	Diversified United Investment Ltd	50,544	4.9%
9.	Woodside Petroleum Ltd	42,787	4.1%
10.	Transurban Group	37,200	3.6%
11.	Woolworths Ltd	32,352	3.1%
12.	CSL Ltd	30,265	2.9%
13.	Brambles Ltd	22,260	2.1%
14.	Orica Ltd	21,280	2.0%
15.	Medibank Private Ltd	19,437	1.9%
16.	Amalgamated Holdings Ltd	18,810	1.8%
17.	Telstra Corporation Ltd	18,420	1.8%
18.	Sonic Healthcare Ltd	18,164	1.8%
19.	Origin Energy Ltd	17,955	1.7%
20.	Ramsay Health Care Ltd	16,904	1.6%
21.	Oil Search Ltd	15,686	1.5%
22.	AMP Ltd	15,050	1.4%
23.	Washington H Soul Pattinson	13,440	1.3%
24.	Invocare Ltd	12,100	1.2%
25.	Mystate Ltd	11,640	1.1%
		907,747	87.3%

Total Investments at Market Value, Short Term Receivables and Cash	1,039,715

Note: At 30 June bank borrowings were $120M, and cash and net short term receivables (included in the above figures) were $10M.

Yours faithfully

A J Hancock
Company Secretary

AUSTRALIAN UNITED INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED

(ABN 37 004 268 679)

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

30 JUNE 2015

AUSTRALIAN UNITED INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED

Directors' Report

The directors of Australian United Investment Company Limited present their Directors' Report together with the financial report for the year ended 30 June 2015 and the auditors' report thereon.

Directors

The directors of the Company at any time during or since the end of the financial year are:

Charles Goode AC, B.Com (Hons) (Melb), MBA (Columbia), Hon LLD (Melb), Hon LLD (Mon)
Non-executive Chairman, Appointed April 1990

Mr Goode is the Chairman of the Boards of Diversified United Investment Limited (since 1990), The Ian Potter Foundation Limited (governor since 1987) and Flagstaff Partners (since 2010).

Formerly Mr Goode was a director of Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Limited (1991 – 2010, Chairman 1996 – 2010), Woodside Petroleum Limited (1988 – 2007, Chairman 1999 – 2007) and Grosvenor Australia Properties Pty Limited (Chairman 2008 – 2012).

Peter Wetherall B.E. Hons (Qld), B.A. Hons (Oxon), GAICD
Non-executive Director, Appointed November 2001

Mr Wetherall has over 30 years' experience in the Australian share market as a stockbroker and funds manager. He was the founder and Managing Director of Wallara Asset Management Pty Ltd (1995 to 2012). He is currently the Investment Executive of the Helen Macpherson Smith Trust, a director of the Royal District Nursing Service and a member of the Investment Committees of the Geelong Grammar Foundation and the Royal Australasian College of Surgeons. He is the Chairman of the Company's Audit and Risk Management Committee.

James Craig B.Ec/LLB (Adel), LLM (Melb)
Non-executive Director, Appointed October 2009

Mr Craig is Chairman of River Capital Pty Ltd and Trinity College (University of Melbourne), Chairman of Cell Care Australia Pty Ltd, and a director of Lifestyle Communities Limited. He is Chairman of the Company's Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

Fred Grimwade B.Com/LLB (Hons) (Melb), MBA (Columbia), FAICD
Non-executive Director, Appointed March 2014

Mr Grimwade is a Principal and Director of Fawkner Capital Management Pty Ltd. He is currently Chairman of CPT Global Limited and Troy Resources Limited and a director of Select Harvests Limited, XRF Scientific Limited and NewSat Limited. Formerly he held senior executive positions with Colonial First State Investments Group, Colonial Mutual Group, Western Mining Corporation and Goldman, Sachs & Co.

John Rose AO, BCom (NZ), DipEc (Camb), PhD (Melb). Hon D.Bus (Melb)
Non-executive Director, Appointed April 2000 (Retired October 2014)

Dr Rose was formerly a governor of The Ian Potter Foundation Limited (2000 - 2015), The Sidney Myer Professor of Commerce and Business Administration of the University of Melbourne, a Director of The Melbourne Business School, and a director of Woodside Petroleum Limited (1990 - 2005).

Company Secretary

Andrew Hancock FCA, B.Ec (Mon), Grad. Dip. CDP (RMIT)
Company Secretary, Appointed October 1995

Mr Hancock is also the Company Secretary of Diversified United Investment Ltd (since 1991), has served as Chairman and is currently Secretary of the Australian Listed Investment Companies Association and is Chairman or a director of a number of private investment companies.

Operating and Financial Review

The principal activity of the Company is that of an investment company which seeks, through a portfolio of securities predominantly comprising shares of companies listed on the ASX, to provide income and capital appreciation over the longer term. There has been no significant change in the nature of the Company's activities during the financial year.

For the year ended 30 June 2015 the profit after income tax was $47,780,565 compared to $40,314,659 in the previous year – an increase of 18.5%. Special dividends received during the 2015 year were $5,896,269 after tax (2014: $1,250,550). If special dividends received are disregarded, operating profit increased 7.2%.

This year special dividends received include a non-cash non-taxable demerger dividend of $5,287,500 received as a result of the demerger of South32 from BHP Billiton (last year $814,800 on the Recall demerger from Brambles).

The weighted average number of ordinary shares for the year was 109,259,811 compared to 108,261,729 in the previous year, an increase of 0.9%.

The basic earnings per share before special dividends was 43.7 cents (38.3 cents excluding special dividends) compared to 37.2 cents (36.1 cents excluding special dividends) for the previous year.

The Company incurred expenses (excluding finance costs) of $1,085,839 (2014: $1,044,712) which is equivalent to 0.10% (2014: 0.11%) of the average market value of the portfolio.

Bank borrowings were $120 million at the end of the financial year (previous year $100 million) gearing the investment portfolio by around 11.4%. Cash on hand, cash deposits and net short term receivables were $10 million or 1.0% of the investment portfolio at market values (2014: $65 million, 6.2%). Annual interest expense was covered 10.9 times by investment revenue (2014: 9.5 times).

As at 30 June 2015 the Company's portfolio had a market value (including cash and net receivables) of $1,039,714,762 (2014: $1,034,282,948). A list of the Company's top 25 investments is set out in note 23 to the financial statements. The net tangible asset backing of the Company's ordinary shares at 30 June 2015 was $8.42 (2014: $8.57). This net tangible asset backing calculation is based on investments at market value and is after tax on realised gains, before any future tax benefit of realised losses, before estimated tax on net unrealised gains and losses, and before the Company's final dividend. The Company is a long term investor and does not intend disposing of its portfolio. However if estimated tax on unrealised portfolio gains were to be deducted, the net tangible asset backing would be $7.28 (2014: $7.36).

During the year the accumulation performance of the Company's net asset backing (before provision for tax on unrealised gains) was a rise of 2.0%, compared to the S&P/ASX 300 Accumulation Index rise of 5.6%.

Operating and Financial Review (continued)

Dividends declared by the Company for the 2015 financial year total 34.0 cents per share (2014: 32.0 cents per share).

It is the Directors' intention to continue to invest in a portfolio of listed securities for long term capital gain and current income. The risks to which the Company is exposed are set out in notes 18 and 19 to the Financial Statements.

Dividends

Dividends paid or declared by the Company since the end of the previous financial year were:

	$
Paid or declared during the year	
A final dividend in respect of the year ended 30 June 2014 of 17.5 cents per share fully franked paid on 25 September 2014.	19,098,464
An interim dividend in respect of the year ended 30 June 2015 of 15.5 cents per share fully franked paid on 17 March 2015.	16,933,841
Paid or declared after end of year	
A final dividend in respect of the year ended 30 June 2015 of 18.5 cents per share fully franked payable on 25 September 2015.	20,234,119

Directors' Meetings

The number of directors' meetings (including meetings of committees of directors) and number of meetings attended by each of the directors of the Company during the financial year are:

	Director's Meetings		*Audit and Risk Management Committee Meetings*		*Nomination & Remuneration Committee Meetings*	
	No. of Meetings attended	*No. of Meetings eligible*	*No. of Meetings attended*	*No. of Meetings eligible*	*No. of Meetings attended*	*No. of Meetings eligible*
Charles B Goode	11	11	2*	2	1	1
P John Rose	3	4	1	1	1	1
Peter J Wetherall	10	11	2	2	1	1
James S Craig	10	11	2	2	1	1
Fred S Grimwade	11	11	2	2	1	1

* In attendance – not a committee member.

The Audit and Risk Management Committee comprises Messrs Wetherall (Chairman), Craig and Grimwade. All directors are members of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, which is chaired by Mr Craig.

Directors' Interests

The relevant interest of each director in the issued capital of the Company as notified by the directors to the Australian Securities Exchange in accordance with S205G(1) of the Corporations Act 2001, at the date of this report is as follows:

	SHARES		
	1	2	3
Charles B Goode	82,062	940,722	33,583
Peter J Wetherall	35,958	-	8,256
James S Craig	-	300,000	-
Fred S Grimwade	-	5,000	-

Note:

1. Beneficial in own name
2. Held by an entity/related party in which the director has a relevant interest
3. Held for the Director in accordance with the terms of the Non-Executive Directors 2006 Accrued Entitlements Share Plan

Except as stated above, no director –

(a) has any relevant interest in shares of the Company or a related body corporate;

(b) has any relevant interests in debentures of, or interests in a registered scheme made available by, the company or a related body corporate;

(c) has any rights or options over shares in, debentures of, or interests in a registered scheme made available by, the Company or a related body corporate;

(d) is a party to a contract, or is entitled to a benefit under a contract, that confers a right to call for or deliver shares in, or debenture of or interests in a registered scheme made available by the Company or a related body corporate.

Remuneration report (audited)

Non-executive Directors' Fees [(i)]						
	2015			2014		
			$			$
	Fee	Superannuation	Total	Fee	Superannuation	Total
Charles Goode	146,119	13,881	160,000	140,961	13,039	154,000
P John Rose [(ii)]	21,075	2,002	23,077	70,481	6,519	77,000
Peter Wetherall	73,059	6,941	80,000	70,481	6,519	77,000
James Craig	50,000	30,000	80,000	70,481	6,519	77,000
Fred Grimwade	73,059	6,941	80,000	20,331	1,881	22,212
Total	386,371	36,706	423,077	372,735	34,477	407,212

(i) No additional fees are paid to members of the Board Committees.
(ii) Retired 14 October 2014

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee reviews and makes recommendations to the board on remuneration packages and policies applicable to the Company Secretary and directors of the Company, including superannuation entitlements, retirement and termination entitlements, and professional indemnity and liability insurance policies. Other than the Company Secretary, the Company has no executives or executive directors.

Remuneration levels are competitively set to attract and retain appropriately qualified and experienced directors. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee may seek independent advice on the appropriateness of remuneration packages, given trends in comparative companies and in light of Company activity and changing responsibilities. The remuneration structures are designed to attract suitably qualified candidates, and for the broader outcome of increasing the Company's net profit. Directors' fees are fixed and reviewed annually and the maximum total of directors' fees is set by the shareholders in general meeting.

Directors' fees are fixed and not conditional on the Company's performance. However, consideration of the Company's performance and benefits for shareholder wealth in respect of the current financial year and the previous four financial years include:

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Operating Profit ($ Millions)	47.8	40.3	35.5	32.6	32.7
Earnings Per Share (including special dividends)	43.7	37.2	33.4	31.0	31.4
Earnings Per Share (excluding special dividends)	38.3	36.1	32.2	31.0	29.4
Dividends paid (cents per share)	33.0	30.5	28.5	28.0	26.5
Share Price 30 June	$8.20	$8.15	$6.85	$5.55	$6.49
Management Expense Ratio	0.10%	0.11%	0.13%	0.13%	0.12%
Net Asset Backing Per Share 30 June	$8.42	$8.57	$7.49	$6.26	$7.24
S&P/ASX 300 Index 30 June	5,401	5,340	4,759	4,084	4,608

Each director has entered into a Deed of Access, Indemnity and Insurance with the Company and is covered by the Company's Directors and Officers Liability Insurance. Refer to Note 15 of the financial statements for information relating to the insurance. No director has entered into a material contract with the Company since the end of the previous financial year and there were no other material contracts involving directors' interests existing at year end.

The Company Secretary, Mr Andrew J Hancock, received $83,000 (2014: $80,000) for services provided to the Company.

Non-audit services

During the year KPMG, the Company's auditor, has provided taxation services in addition to their statutory duties. They received fees of $9,350 for these services including GST.

The board has considered the non-audit services provided during the year by the auditor and in accordance with written advice provided by resolution of the audit committee, is satisfied that the provision of those non-audit services is compatible with, and did not compromise, the auditor independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001 for the following reasons:

- all non-audit services were subject to the corporate governance procedures adopted by the Company and have been reviewed by the audit committee to ensure they do not impact the integrity and objectivity of the auditor; and

- the non-audit services provided do not undermine the general principles relating to auditor independence as set out in Professional Statement F1 Professional Independence, as they did not involve reviewing or auditing the auditor's own work, acting in a management or decision making capacity for the Company, acting as an advocate for the Company or jointly sharing risks and rewards.

State of Affairs

In the opinion of the directors, there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Company that occurred during the financial year under review other than the value of the investment portfolio fluctuated broadly in line with market movements.

Environmental Regulation

The Company's operations are not subject to any significant environmental regulations under either Commonwealth or State legislation.

Events Subsequent to Balance Date

There has not arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature, likely, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, to affect significantly the operations of the Company, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Company, in future financial years.

Likely Developments

The directors do not anticipate any particular developments in the operations of the Company which will affect the results of future financial years other than the value of the investment portfolio is expected to fluctuate broadly in line with market movements.

Indemnification

Details of directors' indemnification are set out in Note 15 to the financial statements.

Lead Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

The lead auditor's independence declaration is set out on page 8 and forms part of the Directors' Report for the year ended 30 June 2015.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the Directors, for and on behalf of the board.

Charles Goode
Director
Melbourne, 19th August 2015

Lead Auditor's Independence Declaration under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001

To: the directors of Australian United Investment Company Limited

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, in relation to the audit for the financial year ended 30 June 2015 there have been:

(i) no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and

(ii) no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

KPMG

KPMG

Maria Trinci
Partner

Melbourne
19 August 2015

KPMG, an Australian partnership and a member firm of the KPMG network of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG International Cooperative ("KPMG International"), a Swiss entity.

Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation.

AUSTRALIAN UNITED INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED

Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income
for the Year Ended 30 June 2015

	Note	*2015* *$*	*2014* *$*
Revenue from investment portfolio	2	53,959,846	46,455,741
Administration and other expenses		(1,085,839)	(1,044,712)
Finance expenses	2	(4,961,655)	(4,872,019)
Operating profit before income tax		47,912,352	40,539,010
Income tax expense	4(a)	(131,787)	(224,351)
Profit for the year		47,780,565	40,314,659
Other Comprehensive Income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Revaluation of investment portfolio for the year		(28,465,187)	109,825,171
Provision for tax benefit / (expense) on revaluation of investment portfolio for the year		6,788,617	(33,232,216)
Other comprehensive income / (loss) net of income tax		(21,676,570)	76,592,955
Total comprehensive income		26,103,995	116,907,614
Basic and diluted earnings per share (cents)	5	43.7	37.2

The Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income is to be read in conjunction with the Notes to the Financial Statements set out on pages 13 to 27.

AUSTRALIAN UNITED INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED

Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2015

	Note	*2015*	*2014*
		$	*$*
ASSETS			
Cash assets	16	9,914,149	60,074,562
Receivables	7	8,436,854	10,552,362
Other	9	46,419	49,772
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		18,397,422	70,676,696
Investment portfolio	8	1,029,619,289	969,669,280
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		1,029,619,289	969,669,280
TOTAL ASSETS		1,048,016,711	1,040,345,976
LIABILITIES			
Payables	10	8,432,484	6,157,520
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		8,432,484	6,157,520
Borrowings – interest bearing	11	119,087,802	99,180,604
Deferred tax liability	4(b)	124,581,594	131,238,424
Provision for Long Service Leave		18,864	-
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		243,688,260	230,419,028
TOTAL LIABILITIES		252,120,744	236,576,548
NET ASSETS		795,895,967	803,769,428
EQUITY			
Issued capital	13(a)	346,928,075	344,873,227
Reserves		448,967,892	458,896,201
TOTAL EQUITY		795,895,967	803,769,428

The Balance Sheet is to be read in conjunction with the Notes to the Financial Statements set out on pages 13 to 27.

AUSTRALIAN UNITED INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 30 June 2015

	Issued Capital	*Revaluation Reserve*	*Realisation Reserve*	*Retained Earnings*	*Total*
	$	*$*	*$*	*$*	*$*
As at 1 July 2013	330,189,974	259,472,028	12,843,880	102,524,868	705,030,750
Comprehensive Income					
Revaluation of investment portfolio	-	109,825,171	-	-	109,825,171
Tax expense on revaluation	-	(33,232,216)	-	-	(33,232,216)
Net realised gains and losses on investment portfolio	-	(7,051,468)	7,051,468	-	-
Tax expense on net realised gains and losses	-	2,450,415	(2,450,415)	-	-
Net operating profit for the year	-	-	-	40,314,659	40,314,659
	-	71,991,902	4,601,053	40,314,659	116,907,614
Transactions with Shareholders					
Dividend Reinvestment Plan	14,683,253	-	-	-	14,683,253
Dividends paid	-	-	-	(32,852,189)	(32,852,189)
	14,683,253	-	-	(32,852,189)	(18,168,936)
As at 30 June 2014	344,873,227	331,463,930	17,444,933	109,987,338	803,769,428
As at 1 July 2014	344,873,227	331,463,930	17,444,933	109,987,338	803,769,428
Comprehensive Income					
Revaluation of investment portfolio	-	(28,465,187)	-	-	(28,465,187)
Tax benefit on revaluation	-	6,788,617	-	-	6,788,617
Net realised gains and losses on investment portfolio	-	(1,558,400)	1,558,400	-	-
Tax expense on net realised gains and losses	-	428,084	(428,084)	-	-
Net operating profit for the year	-	-	-	47,780,565	47,780,565
	-	(22,806,886)	1,130,316	47,780,565	26,103,995
Transactions with Shareholders					
Dividend Reinvestment Plan	2,054,848	-	-	-	2,054,848
Dividends paid	-	-	-	(36,032,304)	(36,032,304)
	346,928,075	-	-	(36,032,304)	(33,977,456)
As at 30 June 2015	346,928,075	308,657,044	18,575,249	121,735,599	795,895,967

The Statement of Changes in Equity is to be read in conjunction with the Notes to the Financial Statements set out on pages 13 to 27.

Statement of Cash Flows
for the Year Ended 30 June 2015

	Note	*2015* *$*	*2014* *$*
Cash flows from operating activities			
Interest received		983,285	1,322,611
Dividends and trust distributions received		46,617,218	42,294,696
Option premium income received		839,030	1,466,759
Finance costs paid		(5,054,457)	(4,815,162)
Administration and other expenses paid		(1,030,934)	(982,257)
Net cash flow from operating activities	16	42,354,142	39,286,647
Cash flows from investing activities			
Proceeds from sale of investments		27,102,428	68,572,533
Purchases of investments		(105,639,526)	(59,643,865)
Net cash flow from investing activities		(78,537,098)	8,928,668
Cash flows from financing activities			
Dividends paid net of dividend reinvestment plan		(33,977,457)	(18,168,936)
Proceeds from additional borrowings		20,000,000	-
Net cash flow used in financing activities		(13,977,457)	(18,168,936)
Net increase in cash held		(50,160,413)	30,046,379
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 July		60,074,562	30,028,183
Cash and cash equivalents at 30 June	16	9,914,149	60,074,562

The Statement of Cash Flows is to be read in conjunction with the Notes to the Financial Statements set out on pages 13 to 27.

Notes to the Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 30 June 2015

1. Statement of significant accounting policies

Australian United Investment Company Limited (the 'Company') is a for-profit company domiciled in Australia.

The financial report was authorised for issue by the directors on 19 August 2015.

(a) *Statement of compliance*

This financial report is a general purpose financial report which has been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (AASBs) (including Australian Interpretations) adopted by the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the Corporations Act 2001. The financial report of the Company complies with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) and interpretations adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

(b) Basis of preparation

The financial report is presented in Australian dollars. The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

The Company has not applied any Australian Accounting Standards that have been issued as at balance date but are not yet operative for the year ended 30 June 2015 (“the inoperative standards”).

The impact of the inoperative standards has been assessed and the impact has been identified as not being material. The Company only intends to adopt inoperative standards at the date at which their adoption becomes mandatory.

The financial report is prepared on a historical cost basis except that financial instruments are stated at their fair value.

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that effect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

(c) Investments

The Company is a long term investor. Under IFRS, equity investments are classified as fair value through other comprehensive income. After initial recognition at fair value (being cost), investments are measured at fair value.

Unrealised gains or losses on equity investments are recognised as a separate component of equity until the investment is sold, collected or otherwise disposed of, at which time the cumulative gain or loss is transferred to the Asset Realisation Reserve.

The Company derecognises an investment when it is sold or it transfers the investment and the transfer qualifies for derecognition in accordance with AASB 139. Upon derecognition, unrealised gains/losses net of tax relating to the investment are transferred from the revaluation reserve to the realisation reserve.

Interest bearing investments are recognised at fair value and then measured at amortised cost. Amortised cost is calculated with any difference between cost and redemption value being recognised in the income statement over the period of the investment on an effective interest basis.

1. Statement of significant accounting policies (continued)

(d) Revenue from investment portfolio

The activity of the Company is that of an investment company, returns being in the form of dividends, interest, trust income, option premiums and sub-underwriting income. Dividend income is recognised in the income statement at ex-dividend date and all other income is recognised on an accruals basis. Special dividends are those dividends received which have been designated as special and non-recurring by the declaring company.

(e) Taxation

The income tax expense or revenue for the period is the tax payable or receivable on the current period's taxable income based on the company tax rate adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities which arise from items being brought to account in different periods for income tax and accounting purposes.

The expected tax on disposal of equity securities in the investment portfolio is recognised directly in equity and as a deferred tax liability. Where the Company disposes of such securities, tax is calculated on gains made according to the particular parcels allocated to the sale for tax purposes and offset against any capital losses carried forward. At this time, the tax recognised directly in the Revaluation Reserve is transferred to the Realisation Reserve. The associated deferred tax liability is similarly adjusted and transferred to current tax payable.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

(f) Interest bearing borrowings

Interest bearing borrowings are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost with any difference between cost and redemption value being recognised in the income statement over the period of the borrowing on an effective interest basis.

(g) Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares are recognised as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects.

		2015 $	2014 $
2.	*Revenue and Expenses*		
(a)	*Revenue*		
	Ordinary dividends received or due and receivable	45,092,570	40,791,696
	Special dividends received or due and receivable	5,930,906	1,254,300
	Dividends received or due and receivable	51,023,476	42,045,996
	Interest received or due and receivable	928,702	1,377,186
	Trust distributions received or due and receivable	1,168,638	1,565,800
	Option premium income	839,030	1,466,759
		53,959,846	46,455,741
(b)	*Expenses*		
	Finance expenses		
	Interest and borrowing expenses	4,961,655	4,872,019
3.	*Auditor's Remuneration*		
	During the year, KPMG, the Company's auditor, received the following remuneration, inclusive of GST:		
	- Audit and review of financial reports	44,616	42,900
	- Tax related services	9,350	9,350
4.	*Taxation*		
(a)	Income Tax Expense		
	(i) Recognised in the income statement		
	Current tax benefit		
	Over provision for prior years	35,796	31,722
		35,796	31,722
	Deferred Tax Expense		
	Recognition of tax losses and deferred tax balances	(162,183)	(233,378)
	Temporary differences	(5,400)	(22,695)
		(167,583)	(256,073)
	Total income tax expense in income statement	(131,787)	(224,351)

		2015	*2014*
		$	*$*
4.	*Taxation (continued)*		
	(ii) Reconciliation between tax expense and pre-tax net profit		
	Prima facie tax expense calculated at 30% on the profit for the year	(14,373,706)	(12,161,703)
	Increase in tax expense due to:		
	Franking credits gross-up on dividends received	(5,299,497)	(4,947,069)
	Decrease in tax expense due to:		
	Non-taxable dividend received	1,586,250	244,440
	Tax deferred revenue received	168,355	42,612
	Franking credits on dividends received	17,664,990	16,490,230
	Sundry items	86,025	75,417
	Tax expense on operating profit	(167,583)	(256,073)
	Over provision for prior years	35,796	31,722
	Income tax expense attributable to profit for the year	(131,787)	(224,351)
	(iii) Deferred tax recognised directly in equity		
	Increase/(Decrease) in provision for tax on unrealised gains on the equity investment portfolio	(6,788,617)	33,232,216
(b)	Deferred Tax Assets and Liabilities		
	Recognised deferred tax assets and liabilities		
	Revaluation reserve – Provision for tax on unrealised gains on the equity investment portfolio	(134,992,851)	(142,258,409)
	Other	(108,600)	(103,200)
	Tax benefit of capital losses carried forward	9,444,710	9,921,651
	Tax benefit of income tax losses carried forward	1,075,147	1,201,534
	Net deferred tax liabilities	(124,581,594)	(131,238,424)

		2015 *Cents*	*2014* *Cents*
5.	*Earnings Per Share*		
	Basic earnings per share	43.7	37.2
	Earnings per share excluding special dividends received (refer Note 1(d))	38.3	36.1

There are no factors which cause diluted earnings per share to be different from basic earnings per share.

The basic earnings per share for the 2015 year is calculated on a weighted average adjusted number of ordinary shares of 109,259,811 taking into account the shares issued in the dividend reinvestment program. The 2014 figure is based on a weighted average number of ordinary shares of 108,261,729.

		2015 *$*	*2014* *$*
6.	*Dividends*		
	Dividends recognised in the current year by the Company are:		
(i)	2014 final dividend of 17.5 cents per share (2013: 16.0 cents) fully franked paid 25 September 2014	19,098,464	17,159,127
(ii)	2015 interim dividend of 15.5 cents per share (2014: 14.5 cents) fully franked paid 17 March 2015	16,933,841	15,693,062
		36,032,305	32,852,189
	Since 30 June 2015, the directors have declared the following dividend payable on 25 September 2015:		
-	Final dividend of 18.5 cents per share fully franked (2014: 17.5 cents)	20,234,119	19,099,158

The final dividend will not contain a Listed Investment Company (LIC) capital gain dividend (2014: nil).

The financial effect of this dividend has not been brought to account in the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2015.

6. *Dividends (continued)*

Dividend Franking Account:

The balance of the Franking Account at 30 June 2015 is $41,690,203 (2014: $39,315,489) after adjusting for:

(a) franking credits that will arise from any current income tax liability;
(b) franking credits that will arise from the receipt of dividends recognised as receivables at year-end.

After allowing for the final 2015 dividend, which is not provided for in the 30 June financial statements, the balance of the franking account would be $33,018,438 (2014: $31,130,136).

The ability to utilise the franking credits is dependent upon the ability of the Company to declare dividends.

Listed Investment Company (LIC) Capital Gain Account:

The balance of the LIC Capital Gain Account at 30 June 2015 was $372,101 (2014: $372,101). When distributed, LIC capital gains may entitle certain shareholders to a special deduction in their taxation return, as set out in the relevant dividend statement.

	2015 *$*	*2014* *$*
7. *Receivables*		
Current		
Dividends Receivable	7,345,258	7,036,500
Trust Distributions Receivable	608,638	630,000
Interest Receivable	-	54,575
Other - Unsettled equity sales	482,958	2,831,287
	8,436,854	10,552,362
8. *Investments*		
Non-Current		
Investments in equities quoted on prescribed stock exchanges (at fair value)	1,029,619,289	969,669,280
9. *Other Assets*		
Current		
Prepayments	46,419	49,772
10. *Payables*		
Current		
Trade Creditors	176,954	144,264
Other - Unsettled equity purchases	8,255,530	6,013,256
	8,432,484	6,157,520

	2015 *$*	*2014* *$*
11. *Borrowings*		
Non-Current		
Loan Facility – Secured	119,087,802	99,180,604

The face value of the drawn facility is $120 million (2014: $100 million). The amounts disclosed above are at amortised cost. For more information regarding the Company's exposure to interest risk and liquidity risk, see Notes 18 and 19.

During the year ended 30 June 2015, an additional $20 million of secured bank bills were drawn down as follows:

Amount	Maturity
$10,000,000	30 November 2018
$10,000,000	30 November 2019

12. *Financing Arrangements*		
The Company has access to the following lines of credit:		
Total facility available		
Loan Facility – Secured	120,000,000	100,000,000
Facilities utilised at balance date		
Loan Facility – Secured	120,000,000	100,000,000
13. *Capital and Reserves*		
(a) Issued Capital		
Issued and paid-up share capital		
109,373,614 (2014: 109,138,045) ordinary fully paid shares	346,928,075	344,873,227
Movements in issued capital:		
Balance at beginning of the financial year	344,873,227	330,189,974
Shares issued		
- Dividend re-investment plan *	2,054,848	14,683,253
	346,928,075	344,873,227

* In respect of the final dividend paid in September 2014, 112,568 ordinary shares were issued at $8.883 each and in respect of the interim dividend paid in March 2015, 123,001 ordinary shares were issued at $8.5764 each.

(b) Nature and Purpose of Reserves

Revaluation Reserve

Increments or decrements on the revaluation of long term equity investments after provision for deferred tax are recorded in this reserve. When an investment has been sold or de-recognised, realised gains or losses (after tax) are transferred from the revaluation reserve to the realisation reserve.

Realisation Reserve

The realisation reserve records realised gains and losses (after tax) from the sale of investments in equities which are transferred from the revaluation reserve.

14. Directors' Remuneration

The total director's remuneration for the year is $423,077 (2014: $407,212). Details of the directors' remuneration are set out in the Remuneration Report that forms part of the Directors' Report.

15. Related Parties

Directors and director-related entities

The names of each person holding the position of director of Australian United Investment Company Limited during the financial year are C B Goode (Chairman), P J Wetherall, J S Craig, F S Grimwade and P J B Rose.

The Company has indemnified each current director and the company secretary against all liabilities to another person (other than the Company or a related body corporate) that may arise from their position with the Company except where the liability arises out of conduct involving a lack of good faith. The agreements stipulate that the Company will meet the full amount of any such liabilities, including costs and expenses.

The Company has paid insurance premiums in respect of directors' and officers' liability and legal expenses insurance contracts, for current and former directors and officers, insuring them against liabilities, costs and expenses arising out of conduct which does not involve a wilful breach of duty. This insurance premium covers the period 18 June 2015 to 18 June 2016.

Directors' Holdings of Shares

The relevant interests of directors and their director related entities in shares of the Company as at year end are set out below:

Directors	Held at 30/06/14	Purchases	Sales	Held at 30/06/15
Charles B Goode	1,037,613	18,754	-	1,056,367
Peter J Wetherall	42,591	1,623	-	44,214
James S Craig	250,000	50,000	-	300,000
Fred S Grimwade	-	5,000	-	5,000

Directors' Transactions in Shares

The movements in directors' holdings of ordinary shares resulted from the issue of shares under the Company's dividend reinvestment plan which were made on the same terms and conditions offered to other shareholders, and/or purchases on the open market.

	2015 *$*	*2014* *$*
16. Notes to the Statement of Cash Flows		
Reconciliation of Cash		
For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash includes cash on hand and at bank and short term deposits at call. Cash as at the end of the financial year is shown in the statement of cash flows and the balance sheet as follows:		
Units in Cash Management Trusts and Deposits at call	9,914,149	60,074,562
Reconciliation of operating profit after income tax to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Profit for the year	47,780,565	40,314,659
Add/(less) changes in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase)/decrease in dividends receivable	(308,758)	(306,300)
(Increase)/decrease in trust distributions receivable	21,362	(196,000)
(Increase)/decrease in other debtors	54,575	(54,575)
(Increase)/decrease in other prepayments	(131)	(2,400)
(Increase)/decrease in deferred tax assets	126,395	201,656
(Increase)/decrease in other assets	3,485	(1,338)
Increase/(decrease) in deferred tax liability	5,400	22,695
(Increase)/decrease in prepaid interest and borrowing costs	(92,802)	56,852
Increase/(decrease) in accrued expenses	32,687	66,472
Increase/(decrease) in provisions	18,864	-
Add/(less) non-cash items:		
Non-cash dividends	(5,287,500)	(814,800)
Net cash provided by operating activities	42,354,142	39,286,921

17. Capital Management

The Company's objective in managing capital is to continue to provide shareholders with dividends and capital appreciation over the longer term.

The Company's capital will fluctuate in accordance with prevailing market movements, and it may adjust the amount of dividends paid, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the year. The Company announced an extension to the on-market buy-back facility which has a potential of purchasing up to 5.5 million shares from 1st June 2015 to 31 May 2016. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital requirements.

18. *Financial Risk Management*

AASB 7 – Financial Instruments: Disclosures identifies three types of risk associated with financial instruments (i.e. investments, receivables, payables and borrowings).

The Company has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- credit risk;
- liquidity risk; and
- market risk.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the risk management framework, and receives advice from the Audit and Risk Management Committee.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The credit risk exposure of the Company lies principally in its cash and receivables to the extent of their carrying values and any accrued unpaid interest. Refer Notes 7 and 16.

Cash

The company invests in cash management units with the MF Cash Management Fund and cash deposits with Australian banks, with a direct or underlying AA- credit rating assigned by Standard & Poor's, being a Recognised Rating Agency.

Receivables

Receivables are non-interest bearing and represent dividends, proceeds of sales and distributions yet to be received. The credit risk exposure of the Company in relation to receivables is the carrying amount.

Given the nature of the counterparties with which the Company deals, management does not expect any counterparty to fail to meet its obligations. Additionally, none of these assets are overdue or considered to be impaired.

18. *Financial Risk Management (Continued)*

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due.

The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities as they fall due. The Company monitors its cash flow requirements and ensures that it has cash or access to sufficient borrowing facilities or liquid securities to meet all its financial obligations as they fall due.

Bank borrowings were $120 million at the end of the financial year (previous year $100 million) gearing the investment portfolio by around 11.5% (previous year 9.6%). The Company has interest bearing loan facilities in place with the National Australia Bank and Australia and New Zealand Banking Group which include both fixed and floating rate components. These facilities expire on various intervals through to 31 July 2020, unless these are renewed. Annual interest expense during the year was covered 10.9 times by investment revenue (previous year 9.5 times).

The major cash inflows for the Company include dividends, distributions and sales proceeds received. The major cash outflows are the purchase of securities, interest expense and dividends paid to shareholders, which are able to be managed by the Company. The Company's investments are quoted on a prescribed stock exchange and are able to be realised if required.

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Company's income and the value of its holdings of financial instruments.

Inherently, the Company is not free of market risk as it invests its capital in securities whose market prices can fluctuate.

Based on a tax rate of 30%, a general movement in market prices of 5% and 10% would lead to a change in the Company's equity of $36,036,675 (or 5%) and $72,073,350 (or 9%) respectively, after tax.

Market risk is managed by ensuring that the Company's investment portfolio is not overly exposed to one company or one particular sector. The relative weightings of the individual securities and the relevant market sectors are reviewed by the Board at each Director's meeting.

The Company also has exposure to interest rate risk on it borrowings as detailed in Note 19, which is minimised through conservative levels of gearing and ensuring that there is appropriate interest cover at all times.

All of the company's investments are quoted in Australian dollars therefore avoiding any direct exposure to currency risk. Nevertheless, a number of the underlying company's businesses may have currency risk exposures.

19. Financial Instruments Disclosure

Interest Rate Risk

The Company's exposure to interest rate risk as at 30 June 2015 and the effective weighted average interest rate for classes of financial assets which bear interest is set out below.

Financial Assets – 2015	*Note*	*Floating Interest Rate*	*Total*
		$	*$*
Cash	16	9,914,149	9,914,149
Weighted Average Interest Rate		2.68%	

Financial Assets – 2014	*Note*	*Floating Interest Rate*	*Total*
		$	*$*
Cash	16	60,074,562	60,074,562
Weighted Average Interest Rate		3.02%	

The Company has secured borrowing facilities in place with the National Australia Bank Ltd and Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Ltd totalling $120,000,000 (2014: $100,000,000) as follows:

National Australia Bank Ltd

Amount	Maturity	Interest Rate(1)
$10,000,000	31 July 2017	Floating 4.07%
$10,000,000	31 July 2017	Floating 4.07%
$10,000,000	31 July 2018	Floating 3.90%
$10,000,000	31 July 2018	Floating 3.90%
$10,000,000	30 November 2018	Fixed 4.28%
$10,000,000	30 June 2019	Fixed 5.15%
$10,000,000	31 July 2019	Floating 3.73%
$10,000,000	30 November 2019	Fixed 4.51%
$20,000,000	31 July 2020	Fixed 4.05%

Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Ltd

Amount	Maturity	Interest Rate(1)
$20,000,000	31 July 2016	Fixed 4.95%

(1) Interest rate includes bank margins and fees.

Based on a tax rate of 30%, a change of 1% in floating interest rates at the reporting date would lead to a change in the Company's profit of $350,000 (or 0.73%) and a change in the Company's equity of $350,000 (or 0.04%).

19. *Financial Instruments Disclosure (Continued)*

The Company has pledged as collateral for the secured borrowing facilities, the following equity investments:

National Australia Bank Ltd

Equities	No. of Shares	Value at 30 June 2015 $
ANZ Bank Ltd	1,750,000	56,350,000
BHP Billiton Ltd	2,000,000	54,100,000
Rio Tinto Ltd	950,000	51,062,500
Westpac Banking Corp Ltd	1,400,000	45,010,000
Commonwealth Bank Ltd	500,000	42,565,000
Wesfarmers Ltd	1,000,000	39,030,000
Woodside Petroleum Ltd	1,000,000	34,230,000
National Australia Bank Ltd	1,000,000	33,310,000
Total		355,657,500

The terms of the agreement require the market value of the pledged securities to satisfy a minimum value of $340,000,000.

Australia and New Zealand Banking Group Ltd

Equities	No. of Shares	Value at 30 June 2015 $
Commonwealth Bank of Australia Ltd	400,000	34,052,000
Telstra Ltd	3,000,000	18,420,000
Westpac Ltd	500,000	16,075,000
Woolworths Ltd	400,000	10,784,000
Total		79,331,000

The terms of the agreement require that the loan to value ratio shall not exceed 50% of the market value of the pledged securities. At 30 June this was 25% (2014: 25%).

19. Financial Instruments Disclosure (Continued)

Net Fair Values of Financial Assets and Liabilities

Valuation Approach

Net fair values of financial assets and liabilities are determined by the Company on the following basis:

Recognised Financial Instruments

Listed securities included in "Investments" are readily traded on organised markets in a standardised form. The net fair value of listed securities is determined by valuing them at the last quoted market price as at balance date. In accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, this is considered "level 1" under the fair value measurement hierarchy, which is defined as quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. The net fair value of investments is set out in notes 8 and 23.

For all other financial assets and liabilities, the carrying amount closely approximates its fair value.

20. Contingent Liabilities and Capital Commitments

There were no contingent liabilities or capital commitments as at 30 June 2015.

21. Segment Reporting

The Company operates as an investment company in Australia.

22. Events Subsequent to Balance Date

There has not arisen in the interval between the end of the year and the date of this report any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature, likely, in the opinion of the directors of the Company, to affect significantly the operations of the Company, the results of those operations, or the state of affairs of the Company, in future financial periods.

23. Holdings of Securities as at 30 June 2015

The following is a list of the Company's top 25 investments as at 30 June 2015, which represent 87% of the total investment portfolio (2014: 86%). All investments are valued at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income.

		2015		2014
Company		Market Value $		Market Value $
1	ANZ Banking Group Ltd	88,550,000	ANZ Banking Group Ltd	91,685,000
2	Commonwealth Bank of Australia	85,130,000	Commonwealth Bank of Australia	80,880,000
3	Westpac Banking Corporation	75,552,500	Westpac Banking Corporation	79,618,000
4	National Australia Bank Ltd	74,947,500	BHP Billiton Ltd	73,595,000
5	BHP Billiton Ltd	63,567,500	National Australia Bank Ltd	68,838,000
6	Wesfarmers Ltd	54,642,039	Wesfarmers Ltd	60,668,000
7	Rio Tinto Ltd	51,062,500	Rio Tinto Ltd	56,344,500
8	Diversified United Investment Ltd	50,544,000	Woodside Petroleum Ltd	51,337,500
9	Woodside Petroleum Ltd	42,787,500	Diversified United Investment Ltd	43,200,000
10	Transurban Group	37,200,000	Woolworths Ltd	42,264,000
11	Woolworths Ltd	32,352,000	Transurban Group	25,865,000
12	CSL Ltd	30,264,500	Origin Energy Ltd	21,930,000
13	Brambles Ltd	22,260,000	Oil Search Ltd	21,274,000
14	Orica Ltd	21,280,000	CSL Ltd	19,965,000
15	Medibank Private Limited	19,436,700	Orica Ltd	19,480,000
16	Amalgamated Holdings Ltd	18,810,000	Brambles Ltd	19,299,000
17	Telstra Corporation Ltd	18,420,000	Santos Ltd	15,686,000
18	Sonic Healthcare Ltd	18,164,500	Telstra Corporation Ltd	15,630,000
19	Origin Energy Ltd	17,955,000	Washington H Soul Pattinson Ltd	14,750,000
20	Ramsay Health Care Ltd	16,904,250	Amalgamated Holdings Ltd	13,995,000
21	Oil Search Ltd	15,686,000	AMP Ltd	13,250,000
22	AMP Ltd	15,050,000	Ramsay Health Care Ltd	12,512,500
23	Washington H Soul Pattinson Ltd	13,440,000	Mystate Ltd	12,064,000
24	Invocare Limited	12,100,000	QBE Insurance Group Ltd	10,543,900
25	Mystate Limited	11,640,300	Invocare Ltd	10,110,000
Total Top 25 Investments		907,746,789		894,784,400
Total Investments at Market Value, Short Term Net Receivables and Cash		1,039,714,762		1,034,282,948

AUSTRALIAN UNITED INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED

Directors' Declaration

1. In the opinion of the directors of Australian United Investment Company Limited ("the Company"):

   (a) The financial statements and notes set out on pages 9 to 27, and the remuneration disclosures that are contained in the Remuneration Report on page 5 of the Directors' Report, are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001, including:

      (i) giving a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 30 June 2015 and of its performance, as represented by the results of its operations and its cash flows, for the year ended on that date; and

      (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the Corporations Regulations 2001;

   (b) The financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards;

   (c) There are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

2. The directors have been given the declarations required by Section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001 for the financial year ended 30 June 2015.

Signed in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

Charles Goode
Director
Dated at Melbourne this 19th day of August 2015.

KPMG

Independent auditor's report to the members of Australian United Investment Company Limited

Report on the financial report

We have audited the accompanying financial report of Australian United Investment Company Limited (the Company), which comprises the balance sheet as at 30 June 2015, and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, notes 1 to 23 comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information and the directors' declaration.

Directors' responsibility for the financial report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In note 1(a), the directors also state, in accordance with Australian Accounting Standard AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements*, that the financial statements comply with International Financial Reporting Standards.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. These Auditing Standards require that we comply with relevant ethical requirements relating to audit engagements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial report. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial report.

We performed the procedures to assess whether in all material respects the financial report presents fairly, in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and Australian Accounting Standards, a true and fair view which is consistent with our understanding of the Company's financial position and of its performance.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

KPMG, an Australian partnership and a member firm of the KPMG network of independent member firms affiliated with KPMG International Cooperative ("KPMG International"), a Swiss entity.

Liability limited by a scheme approved under Professional Standards Legislation.

Independence

In conducting our audit, we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Auditor's opinion

In our opinion:

(a) the financial report of Australian United Investment Company Limited is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

(i) giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2015 and of its performance for the year ended on that date; and

(ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Regulations 2001.

(b) the financial report also complies with International Financial Reporting Standards as disclosed in note 1(a).

Report on the remuneration report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included on page 5 of the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2015. The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the remuneration report in accordance with Section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the remuneration report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards.

Auditor's opinion

In our opinion, the remuneration report of Australian United Investment Company Limited for the year ended 30 June 2015, complies with Section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

KPMG

KPMG

Maria Trinci
Partner

Melbourne
19 August 2015